

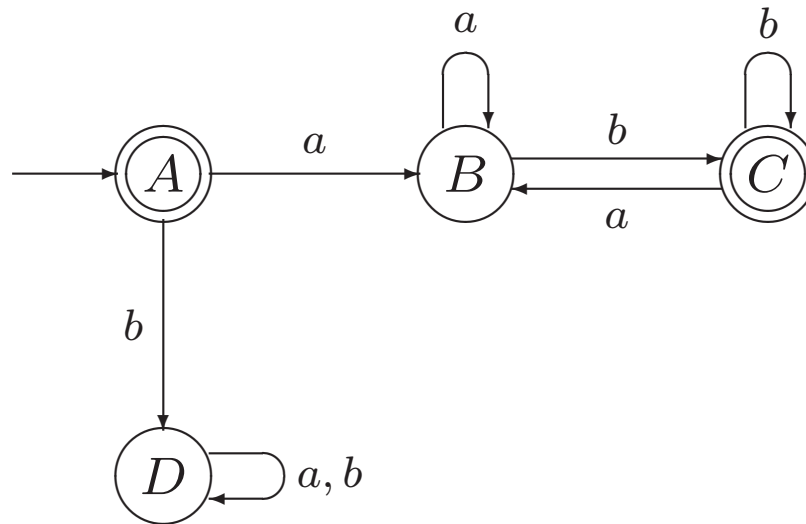
Exercise 4.26. In each part, draw an NFA (which might be an FA) accepting the language generated by the CFG having the given productions.

a.

$$S \rightarrow aA \mid bC \quad A \rightarrow aS \mid bB \quad B \rightarrow aC \mid bA \quad C \rightarrow aB \mid bS \mid \Lambda$$

Exercise 4.27.

Find a regular grammar generating the language $L(M)$, where M is the FA shown below:



Exercise 4.22.

Show that if G is a context-free grammar in which every production has one of the forms

$$A \rightarrow aB, \quad A \rightarrow a \quad \text{and} \quad A \rightarrow \Lambda$$

(where A and B are variables and a is a terminal), then $L(G)$ is regular.

Suggestion: construct an NFA accepting $L(G)$, in which there is a state for each variable in G and one additional state F , the only accepting state.

Exercise 4.28.

Draw an NFA accepting the language generated by the grammar with productions

$$S \rightarrow abA \mid bB \mid aba \quad A \rightarrow b \mid aB \mid bA \quad B \rightarrow aB \mid aA$$

Exercise 4.29.

Each of the following grammars, though not regular, generates a regular language. In each case, find a regular grammar generating the language.

a. $S \rightarrow SSS \mid a \mid ab$

b. $S \rightarrow AabB \quad A \rightarrow aA \mid bA \mid \Lambda \quad B \rightarrow Bab \mid Bb \mid ab \mid b$

Exercise 4.34.

Show that the CFG with productions

$$S \rightarrow a \mid Sa \mid bSS \mid SSb \mid SbS$$

is ambiguous.

Exercise 4.36.

In each case below, decide whether the grammar is ambiguous or not, and prove your answer.

b. $S \rightarrow SS \mid bS \mid a$

c. $S \rightarrow SaS \mid b$

e. $S \rightarrow TT \quad T \rightarrow aT \mid Ta \mid b$

f. $S \rightarrow aSa \mid bSb \mid aAb \mid bAa \quad A \rightarrow aAa \mid bAb \mid a \mid b \mid \Lambda$

g. $S \rightarrow aT \mid bT \mid \Lambda \quad T \rightarrow aS \mid bS$

Exercise 4.38.

In each case below, show that the grammar is ambiguous, and find an equivalent unambiguous grammar.

a. $S \rightarrow SS \mid a \mid b$

b. $S \rightarrow ABA \quad A \rightarrow aA \mid \Lambda \quad B \rightarrow bB \mid \Lambda$

c. $S \rightarrow aSb \mid aaSb \mid \Lambda$

d. $S \rightarrow aSb \mid abS \mid \Lambda$

Exercise.

Let G be a context-free grammar with start variable S and the following productions:

$$S \rightarrow aSbS \mid bSaS \mid \Lambda$$

- a. Show that $L(G) = AEqB = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(x) = n_b(x)\}$
- b. Is G ambiguous? Motivate your answer.