Exercise 3.7.

Find a regular expression corresponding to each of the following subsets of $\{a, b\}^*$.

a. The language of all strings containing exactly two *a*'s.

- **c.** The language of all strings that do not end with *ab*.
- e. The language of all strings not containing the substring *aa*.
- **f.** The language of all strings in which the number of a's is even.

g. The language of all strings containing no more than one occurrence of the string aa. (The string aaa should be viewed as containing two occurrences of aa.)

Exercise 3.7.

Find a regular expression corresponding to each of the following subsets of $\{a, b\}^*$.

i. The language of all strings containing both bb and aba as substrings.

j. The language of all strings not containing the substring *aaa*.

k. The language of all strings not containing the substring bba.

I. The language of all strings containing both *aba* and *bab* as substrings.

m. The language of all strings in which the number of a's is even and the number of b's is odd.

Exercise 3.1. In each case below, find a string of minimum length in $\{a, b\}^*$ not in the language corresponding to the given regular expression.

a. $b^*(ab)^*a^*$ **b.** $(a^* + b^*)(a^* + b^*)(a^* + b^*)$ Exercise 3.2. Consider the two regular expressions

$$r = a^* + b^*$$
 $s = ab^* + ba^* + b^*a + (a^*b)^*$

- **a.** Find a string corresponding to r but not to s.
- **b.** Find a string corresponding to s but not to r.
- **c.** Find a string corresponding to both r and s.
- **d.** Find a string in $\{a, b\}^*$ corresponding to neither r nor s.

Exercise 3.10.

a. If *L* is the language corresponding to the regular expression $(aab + bbaba)^*baba$, find a regular expression corresponding to $L^r = \{x^r \mid x \in L\}.$

b.

С.

Exercise 3.41.

e.

Exercise 3.42.

Exercise 3.51.

a.