# Projects 2015

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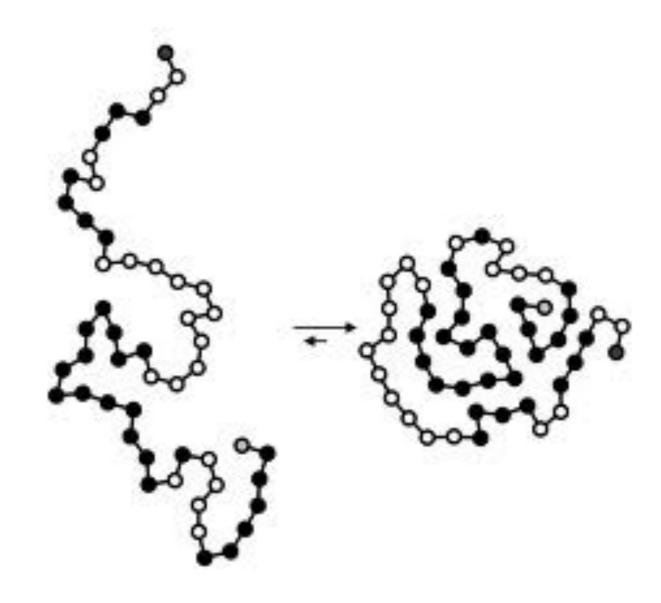


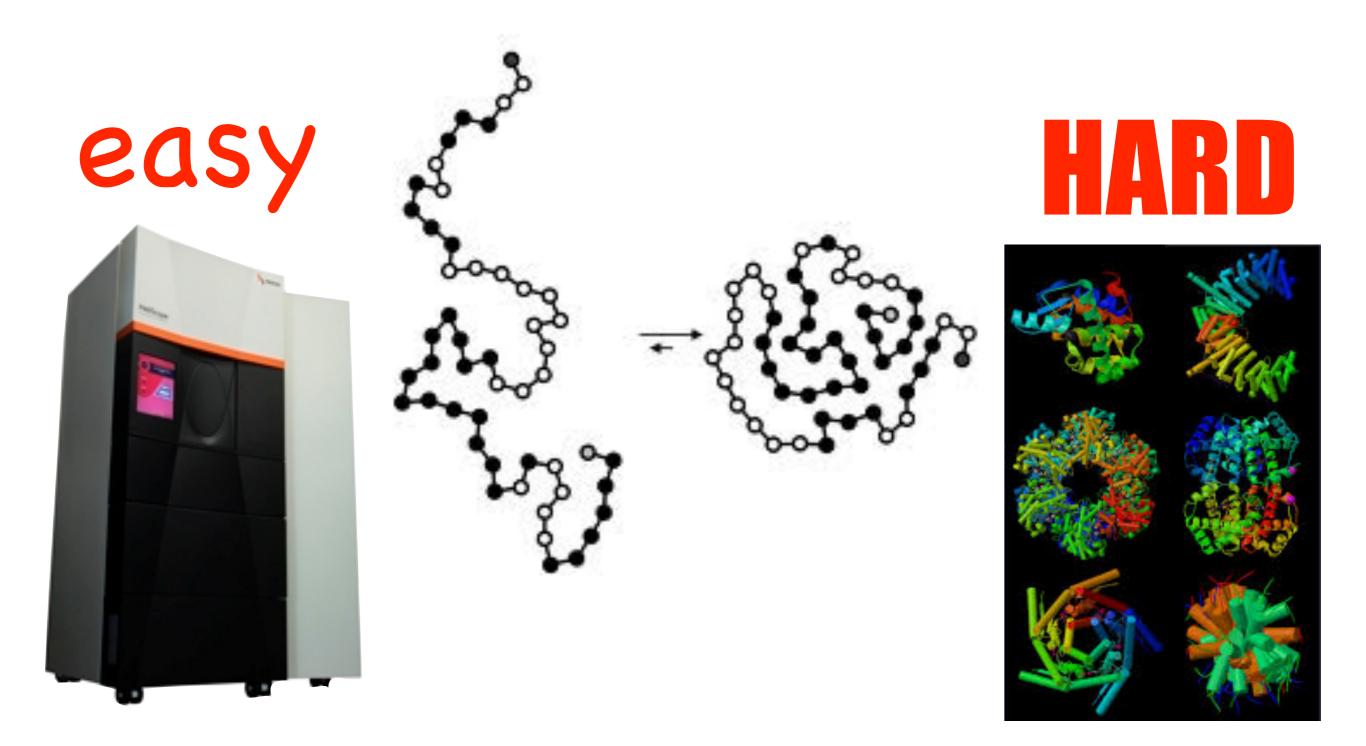
# Projects 2015

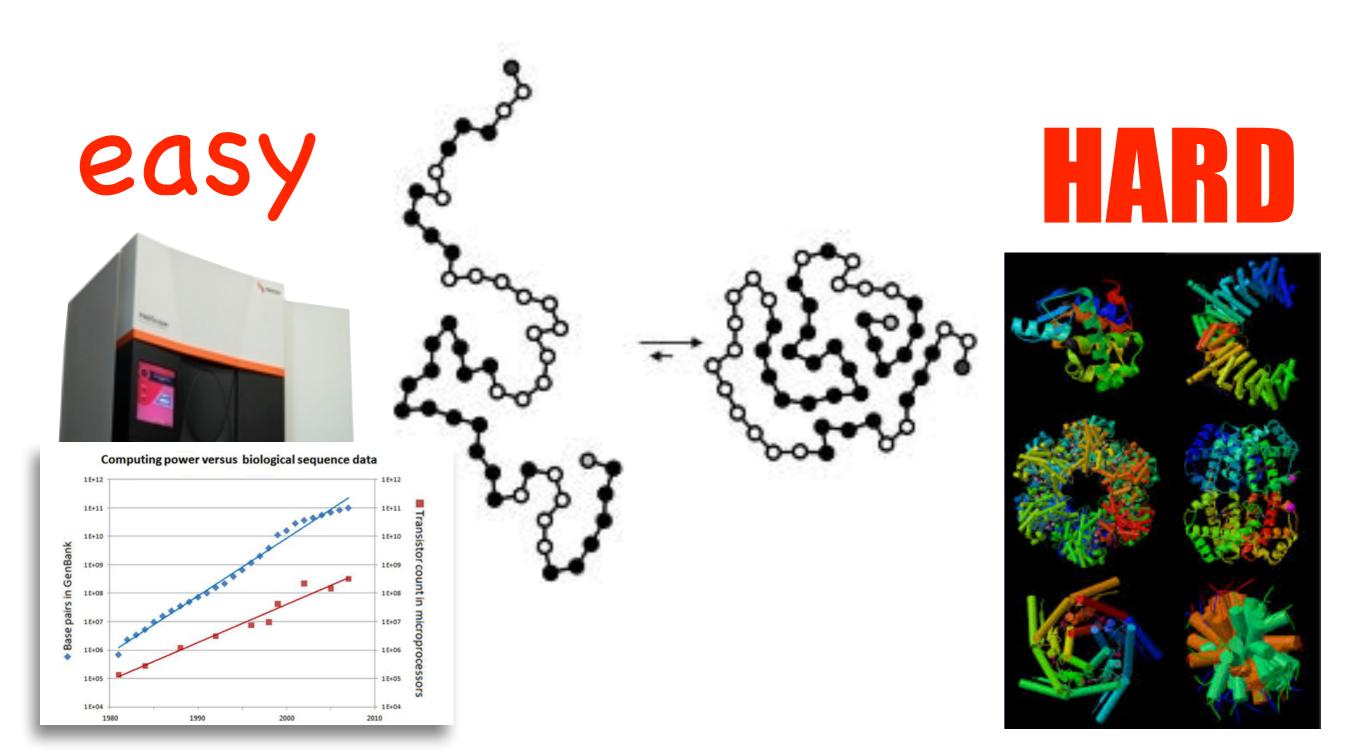
Sequenomics: Closing the gap between sequence & structure (1) 7-mer sequenome - data analysis (2) 7-mer sequenome - NK Model of rugged fitness landscapes

- (3) SeDEx platform CS / Business ICT
- (4) SeDEx platform Business ICT

Knowledge Dynamics: Knowledge representation & reasoning(5) Anatomy of a concept profile(6) Trend analysis

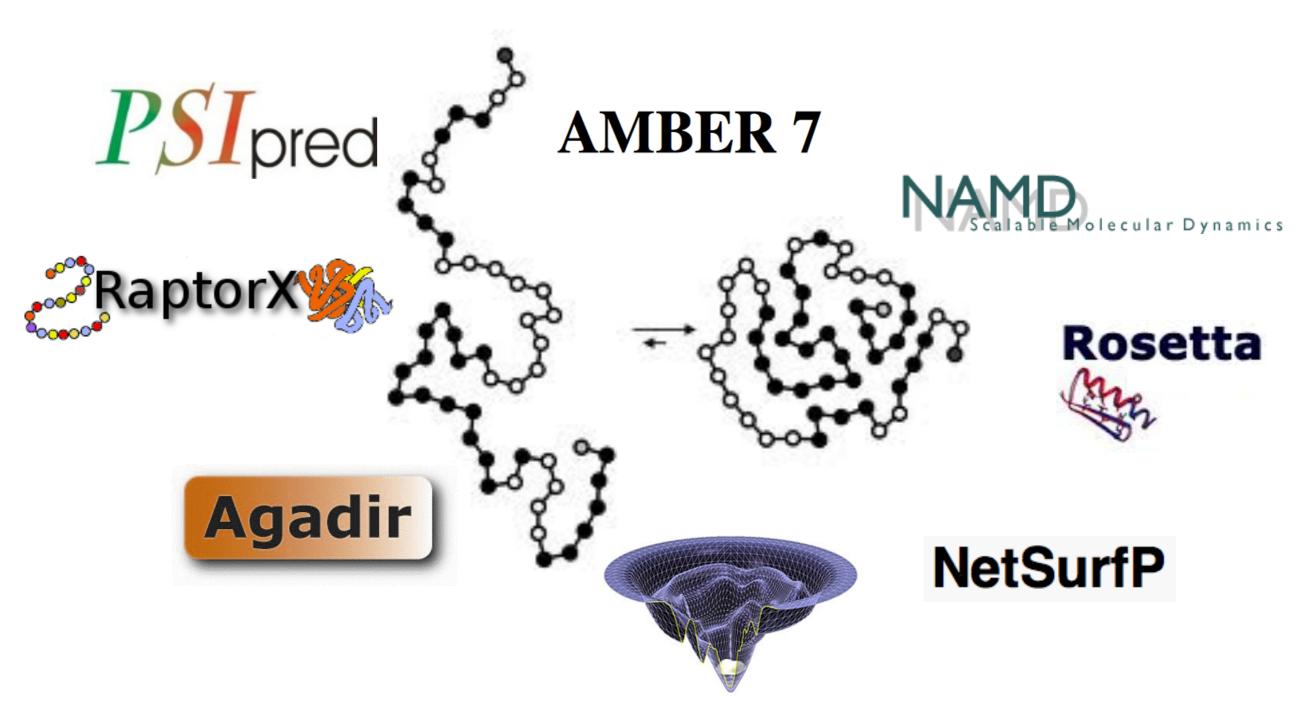






# 

#### In Silico Structure Prediction



# SeDEx

#### Sequenomics Data Exchange

data code	PROTEIN DATA BANK	Pfam	LOVD	GWAS CENTRAL	BioLabs.	Helix 1 Distance in sequence space 1927
<b>PSI</b> pred						
RaptorX						
Agadir						
Rosetta						
AMBER 7						
NAME Molecular Dynamics						

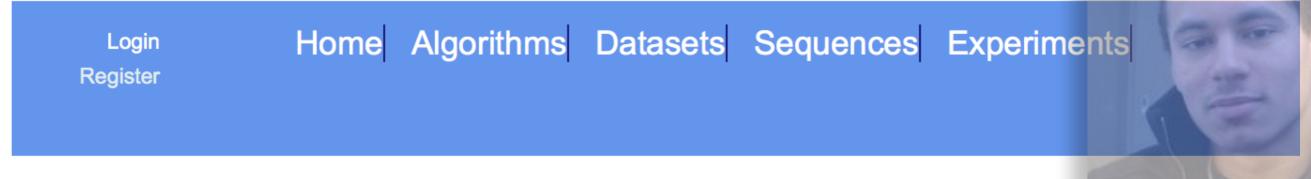
# SeDEx

#### Sequenomics Data Exchange

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RaptorX						
Agadir				experime	ent	
Rosetta						
AMBER 7						
NAME Colecular Dynamics						



Sequenomics Data Exchange



Welcome to the Sequenomics Data Exchange (SeDEx).

The SeDEx is an automated protein folding and structure prediction platform. SeDEx makes state-of-the-art structure prediction routine and easy.

#### Why Use SeDEx?

In the last 10 years it has become increasingly cheap and easy to obtain protein sequence information. But obtaining reliable structure information - through vital - remains tedious and expensive. SeDEx is designed to close the gap between amino acid sequence information & folded conformations.

#### **How SeDEx Works**

- SeDEx is a crowd sourced repository of protein sequence datasets & structure prediction algorithms.
- Registered users can post sequence data (whether a single sequence or many thousands) or install their structure prediction or
  protein folding software.
- The SeDEx automatically computes structural information for all sequences using all algorithms.
- SeDEx is an Open platform, although users can licence or restrict access to their data/code as desired.
- The SeDEx supports a simple API allowing its sequences, software and computed structures to be easily accessed as a web service.

#### Who developed SeDEx?

The SeDEx started as a idea pitched by Erik Schultes and was developed by Shamanou van Leeuwen as an internship project at the Leiden Universitary Medical Center.



#### Sequenomics Data Exchange





#### Sequenomics Data Exchange

Home Algorithms Datasets Sequences Experiments Authors Upload Logged in as: shamanou van leeuwen Logout

#### **Dataset - Huntington**

Date created:

Uploaded by:

License:



Amount downloaded:

Funding source:

Notes:

#### Sequences

This dataset contains 122 sequences.

#### Artificial sequences

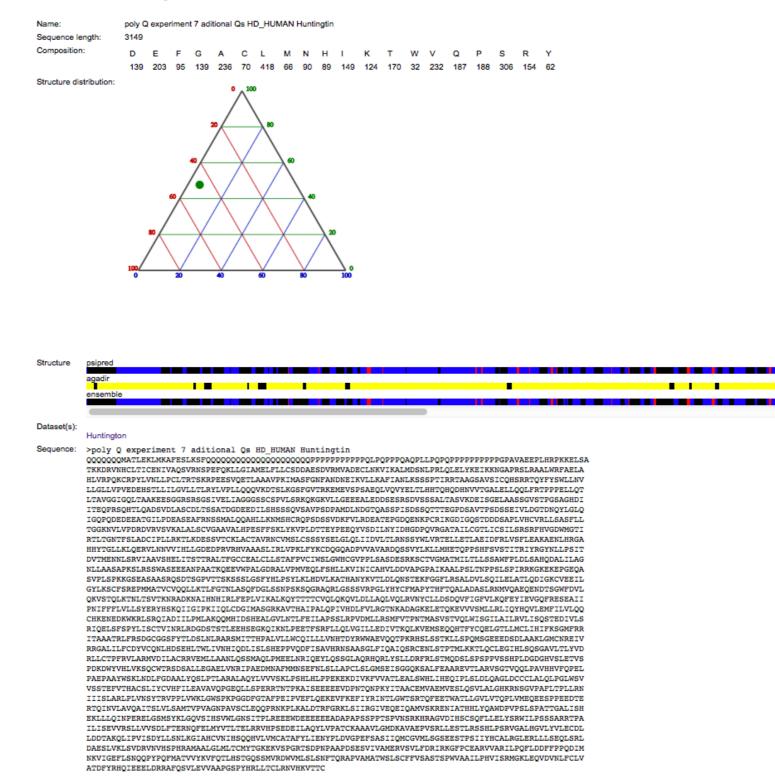
This dataset contains 121 artificial sequences.

poly Q experiment 8 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 21 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 19 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 24 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 25 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 26 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 27 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 23 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 32 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 28 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 29 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 30 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 50 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 78 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 79 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 87 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 83 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 85 aditional Qs HD\_HUMAN Huntingtin poly Q experiment 86 aditional Qs HD, HUMAN Huntingtin



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#### **Artificial Sequence**



# Purpose of the SeDEx

#### Biologist

- Make structure prediction easy just upload a data file
- Repository of sequences (natural, artificial)
- Repository of algorithms (automatic, versioning)
- Repository of structure predictions (experiments)
- Accuracy: Consensus predictions

#### **Computer Scientist**

- Market place for software
- Head-to-head comparison of software performance on different sequences
- Where are software consistent? where are they not?

# Access to the SeDEx

#### Browsing

- View datasets and sequences
- View software profiles
- No download capability

#### **Registered User**

- Unique identifier
- Funding
- Skype ID
- Upload / Download datasets
- Upload / Download code (via request to Admin)
- Search authors



# Use of the SeDEx

#### **Computational Load Issues**

- Secondary structure predictions are fast (and likely free)
- 3D structure predictions can be very slow (and will cost the user)



#### **Licensing Issues**

- Author controlled
- Open / Closed
- Free / Fee



#### Nanopublication

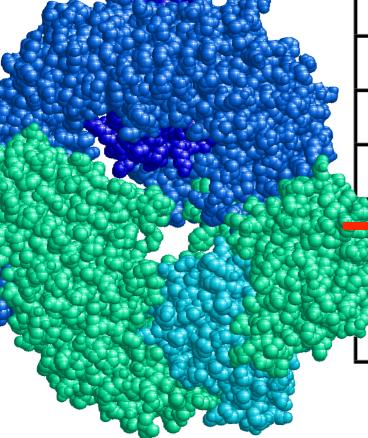
- Datasets are citable
- Software is citable
- Individual sequence-structure combinations are citable

# The Sequenome

sequence length	possible sequences
2	4.0E+02
3	8.0E+03
4	1.6E+05
5	3.2E+06
6	6.4E+07
7	1.3E+09
8	2.6E+10
12	4.1E+15
40	1.1E+52
80	1.2E+104
160	1.5E+208
300	2.0E+390
320	2.1E+416
1000	1.1E+1301

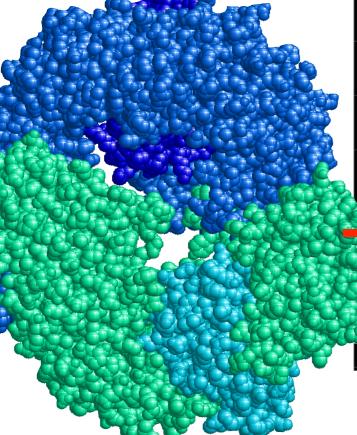
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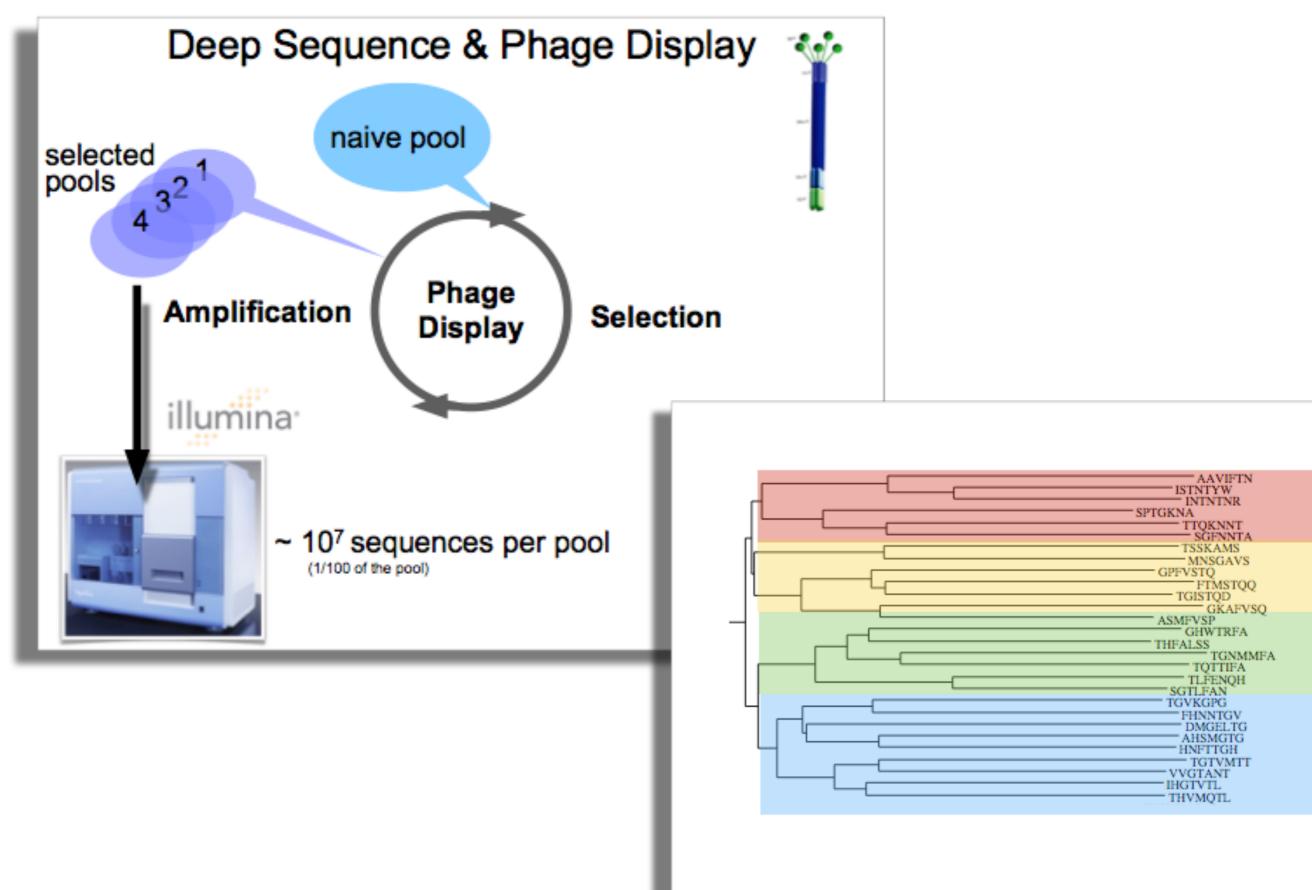


# The Sequenome

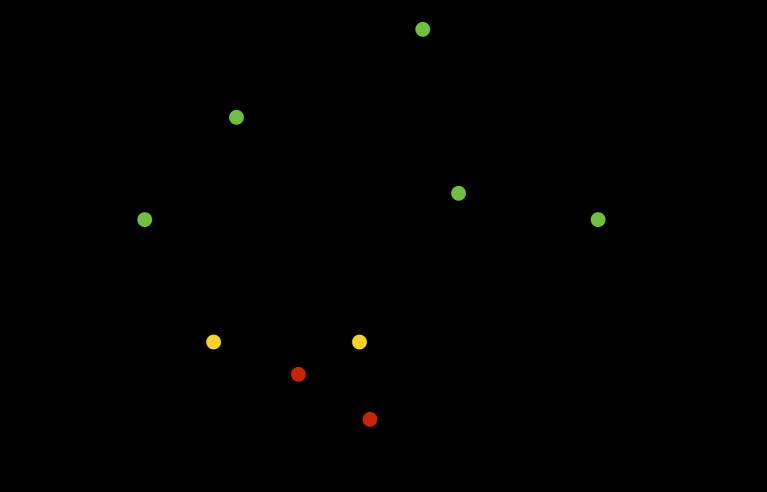
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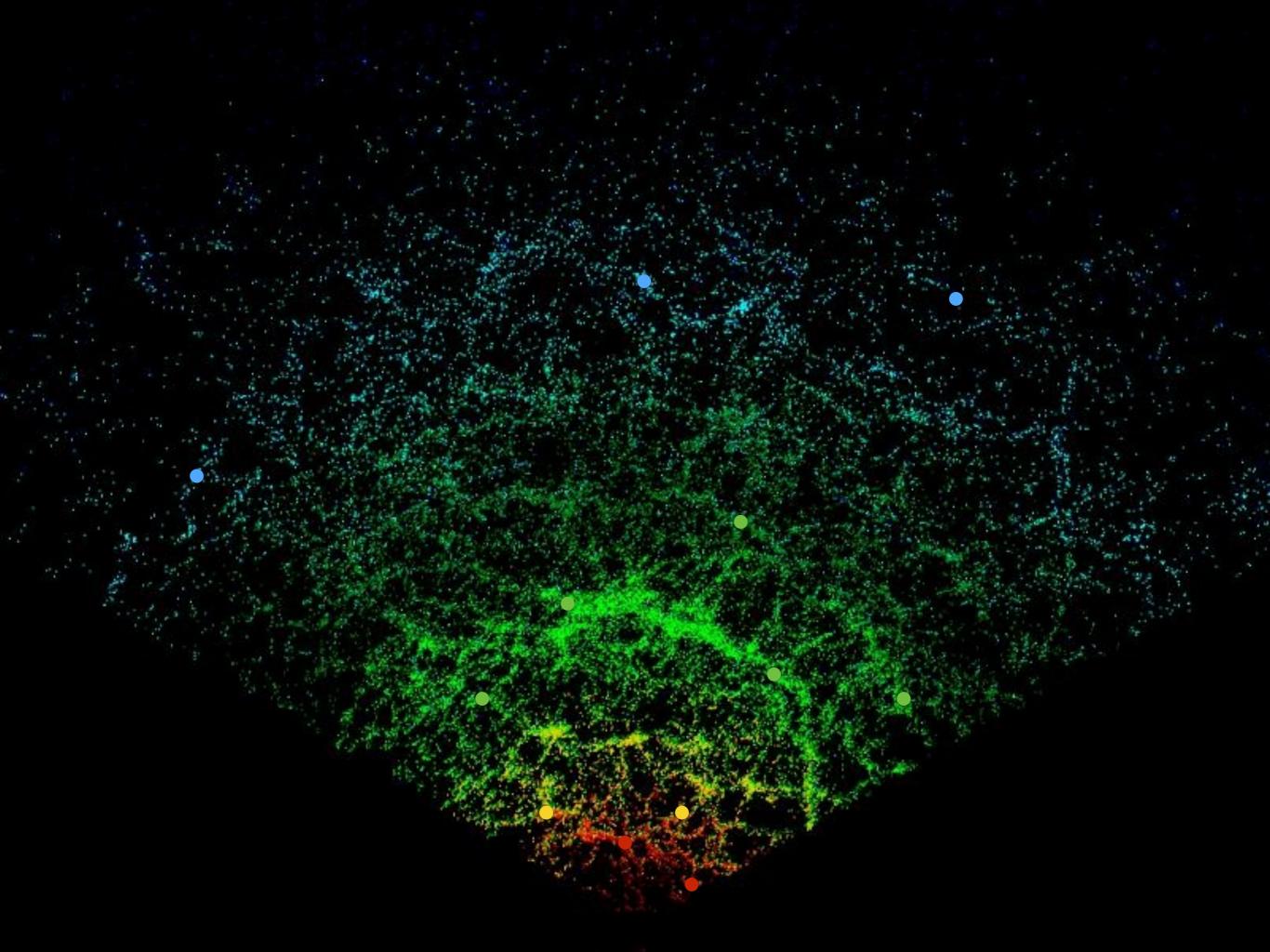


### The 7-mer Sequenome: 1.28B sequences



# 





## The 7-mer Sequenome: 1.28B sequences

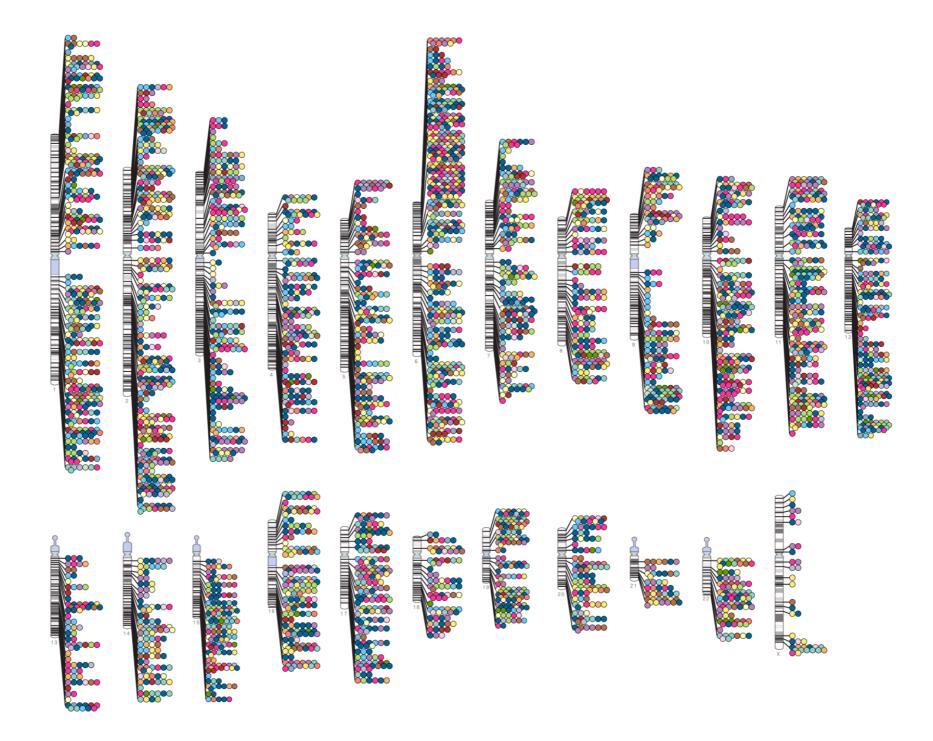
#### **Fundamental Questions:**

- How many structures are there?
- How are structures distributed ?
- For any given structure, what is the range of kinetics and thermodynamics?
- How do these distributions map onto Silvana's phage-display data (LUMC)?
- Comparisons with PepBank, SAROTOP

	Bioinformatics	Computer Science	Computer Science	Business ICT
Back- ground		<ul> <li>we have now very large data base of computed structures for all possible 1.28 billion 7-mer peptides, at 3 different temperatures</li> <li>we have now light weight NK model (with Emmerich)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>we have now a working SeDEx prototype</li> <li><u>http://one-34408.sedex-lumc.cloudlet.sara.nl/SeDEx/</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>we have now a working SeDEx prototype</li> <li><u>http://one-34408.sedex-lumc.cloudlet.sara.nl/SeDEx/</u></li> </ul>
Aim of the research	<ul><li>new questions)</li><li>show application to highly</li></ul>	<ul> <li>fit structure data to the NK model of rugged fitness landscapes</li> <li>look for critical transitions</li> <li>relate to complexity classes</li> </ul>	• upgrade to enterprise- ready SeDEx: a web platform to make <i>in silico</i> protein folding easy and cheap	<ul> <li>plan the launch the SeDEx as a commercial platform</li> </ul>
Project	<ul> <li>statistical analysis on 7- mer space</li> <li>correlations with LUMC experimental data</li> <li>correlations with other peptide databases</li> <li>statistical analysis on 7- mer space</li> <li>explore parameter space of NK model to get a good fit to the computed structure landscape for all 7-mers</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>scale &amp; performance (Nerdalize)</li> <li>add features: <ul> <li>search function</li> <li>platform analytics</li> <li>licensing / payment tools</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>develop business cases (market research)</li> <li>develop valorisation plan <ul> <li>STW funding / private</li> <li>investment</li> <li>'advertising' &amp; platform</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Skills	<ul> <li>R, Matematica, PYTHON</li> <li>Big Data</li> <li>simple and advanced statistics</li> <li>working with multiple peptide databases</li> <li>analytical CS skills</li> <li>good programming</li> <li>Big Data</li> <li>evolution and optimisation theory (if you like it)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>enterprise scale software design</li> <li>website development</li> <li>databases</li> <li>writing APIs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>market analysis</li> <li>cost / revenue models</li> <li>negotiation skills</li> <li>working with LUMC &amp; LURIS</li> </ul>
Work plan	end with short high-profile	<ul> <li>start a.s.a.p.</li> <li>end with short high-profile paper making a bridge between theory and data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>start a.s.a.p.</li> <li>end with upgraded web platform (mock pages where necessary)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>start a.s.a.p.</li> <li>end with recommendations for CS project (payment tools, API)</li> <li>end with draft of STW</li> </ul>

Problem: Biological Complexity & Data Overload

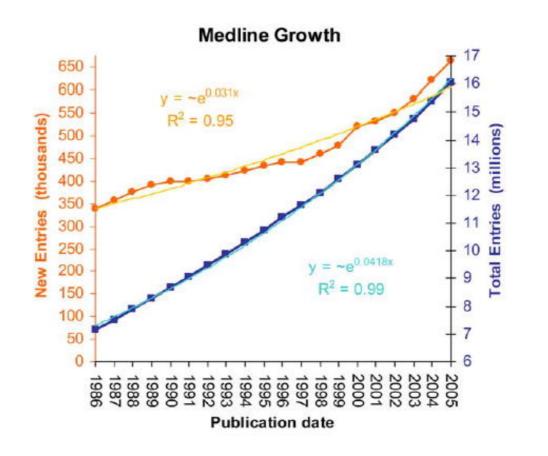
#### Problem: Biological Complexity & Data Overload



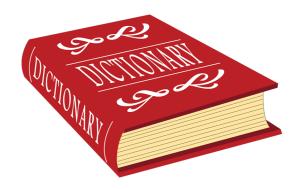
#### Problem: Biological Complexity & Data Overload



- 21 million references (abstracts) to journal articles
- 1946 present (January 1980...)
- 5,600 worldwide journals
- More than 700,000 references added in 2013
- 2,000-4,000 references are added each day (Tuesday Saturday)
- 80 references are added each hour



#### LWAS



- Dictionary: 687,718 biomedical concepts
- genes, diseases, symptoms, biological processes
- disambiguation
- UMLS+Entrez Gene+OMIM+UniProt

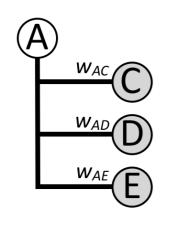
Pub Med

Corpus: 17M PubMed abstracts from January 1980

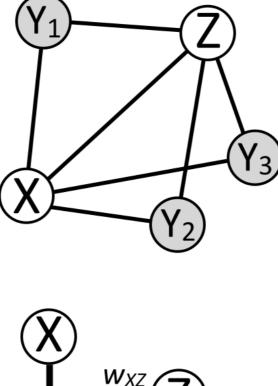


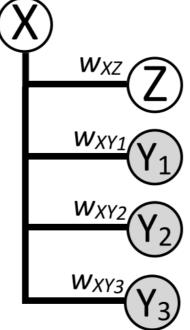
• Index all concepts per abstract

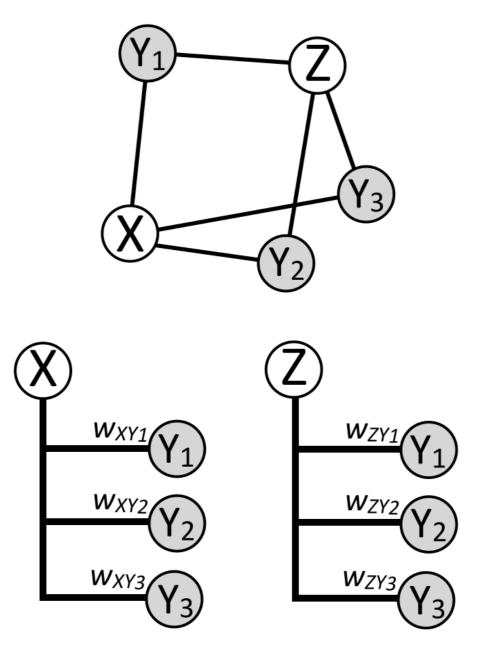
Compute co-occurrence frequencies of concept pairs

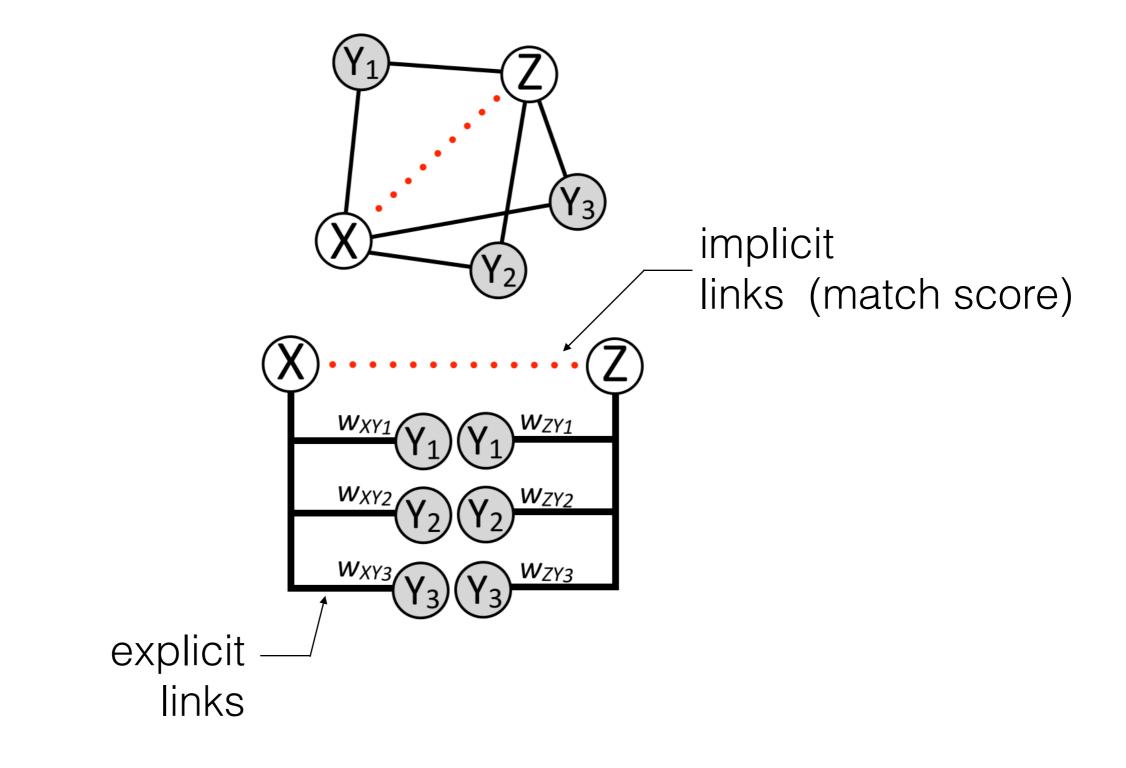


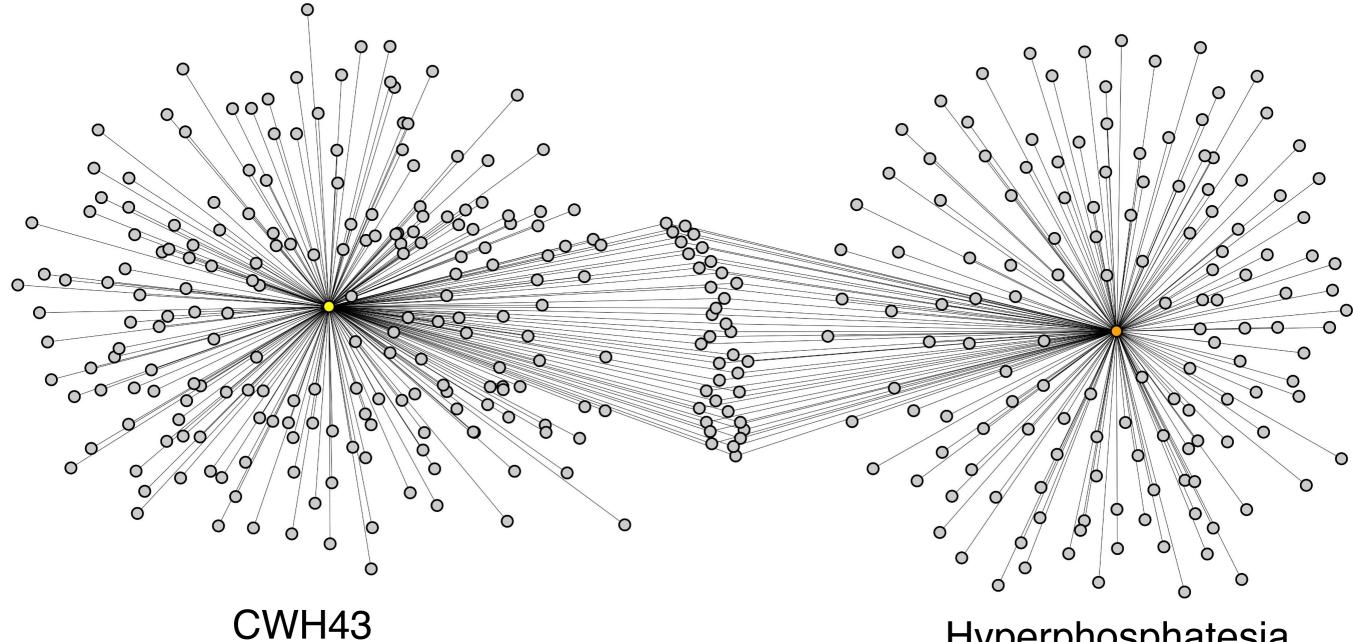
- Build concept profiles
- For any concept, a list of all other concepts
- Weighted by UC of the co-occurrence frequencies
- Minimally 5 abstracts, maximum 140,000 concepts
- Expose associations independently of documents



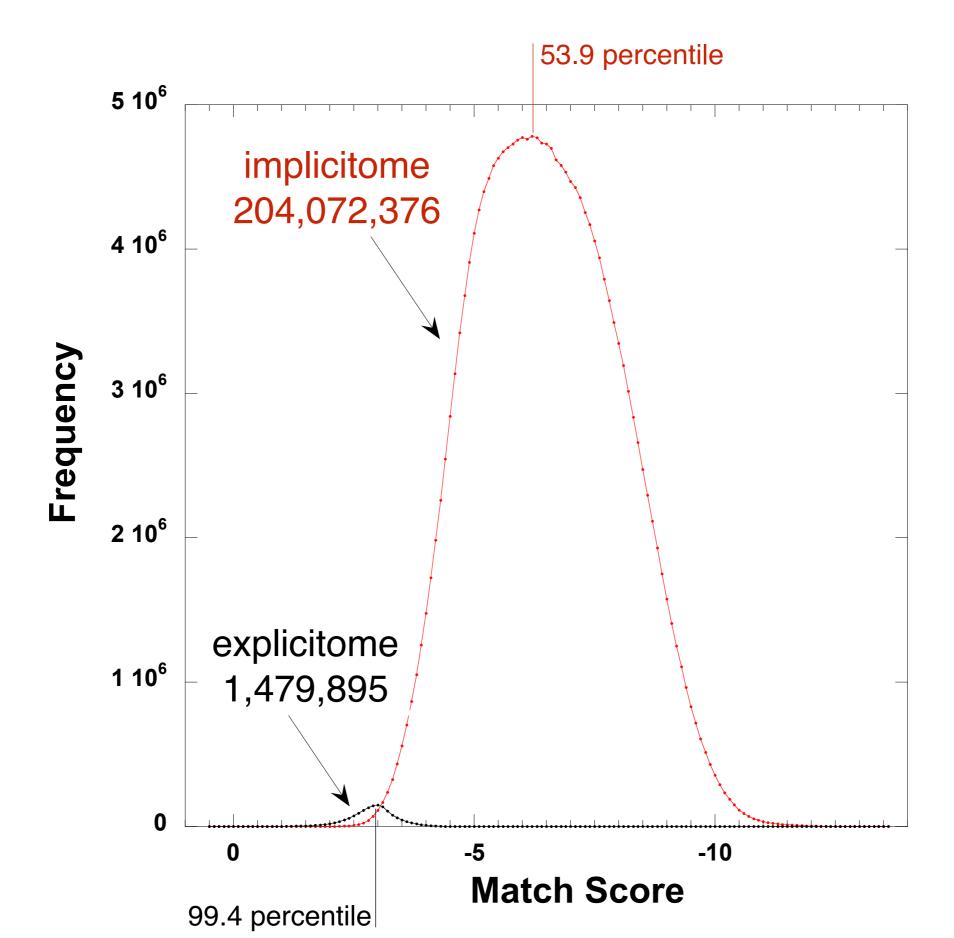




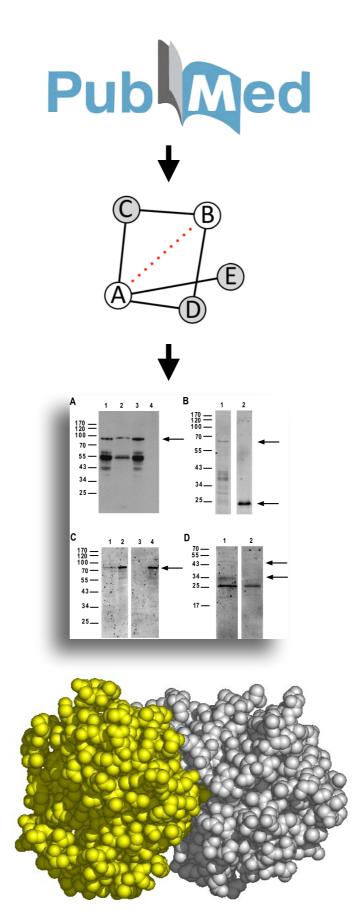


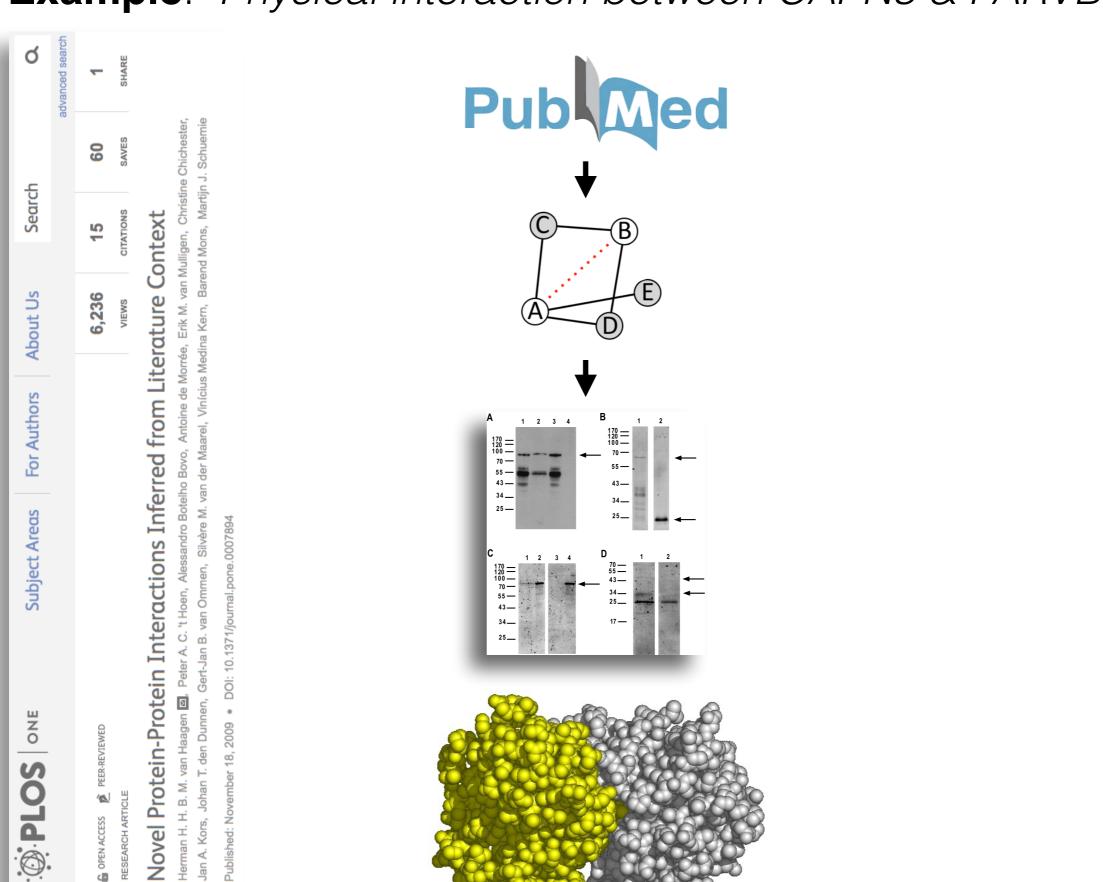


Hyperphosphatesia, Mental Retardation

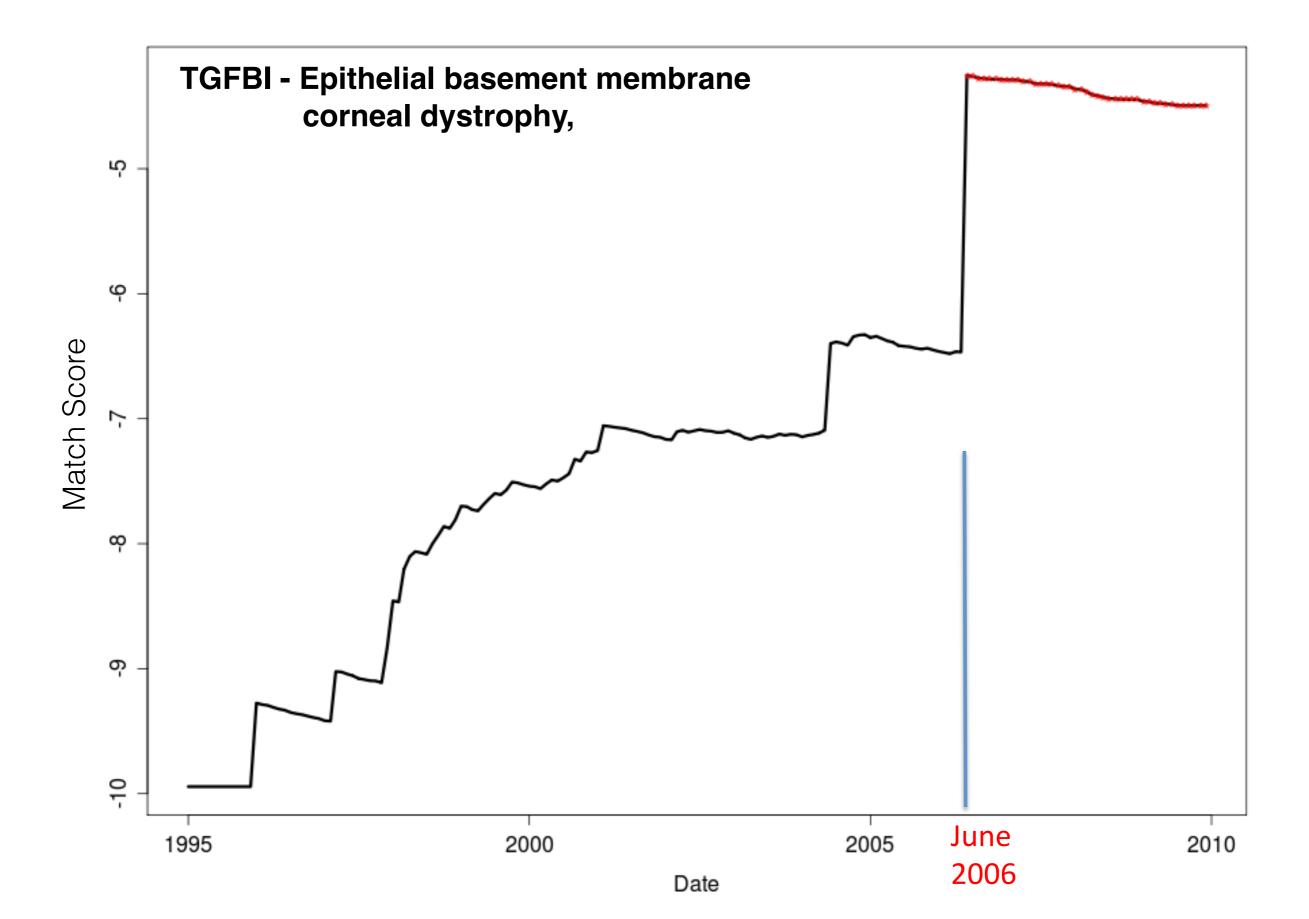


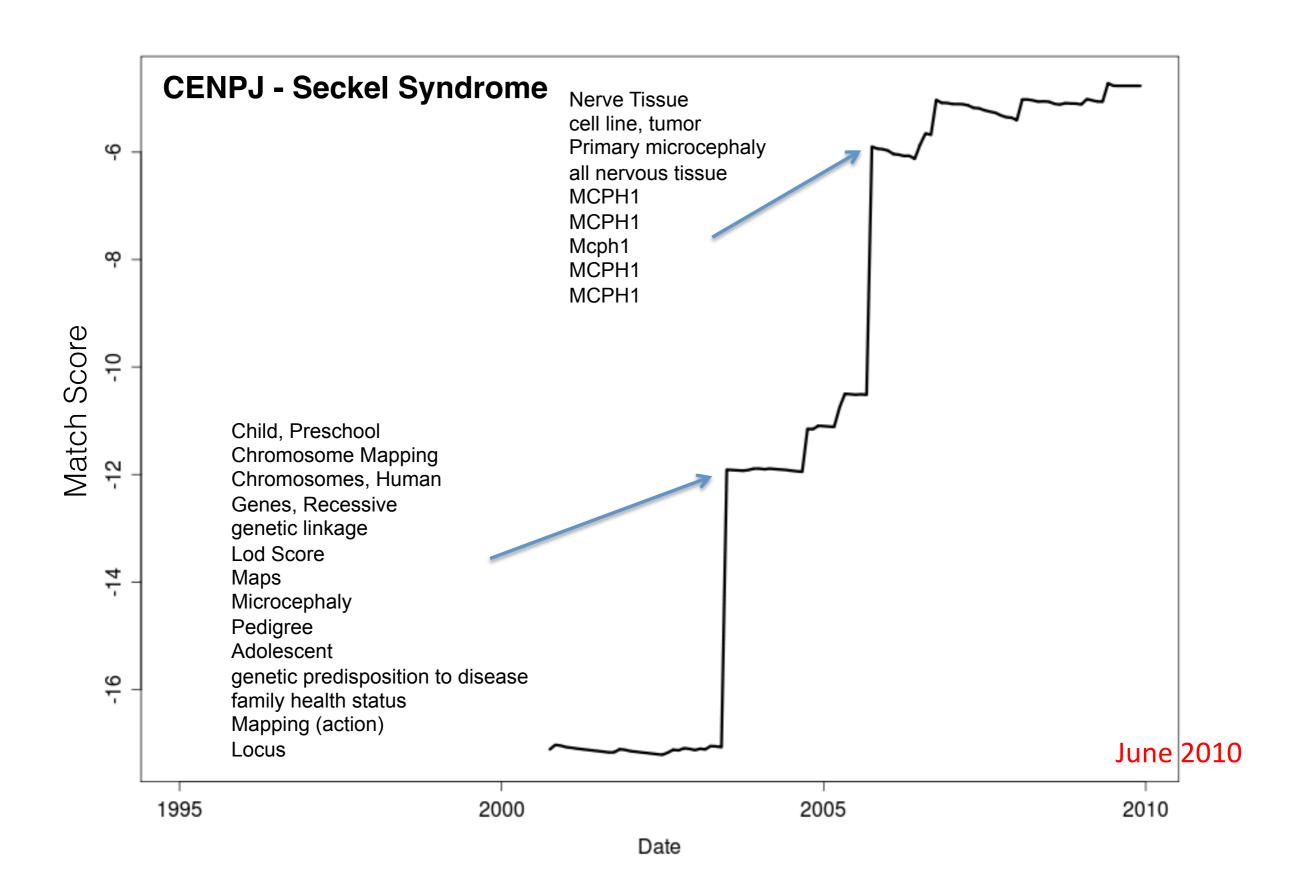
#### **Example**: Physical interaction between CAPN3 & PARVB

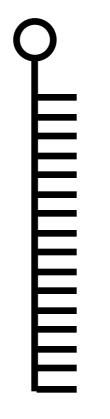




#### **Example**: Physical interaction between CAPN3 & PARVB

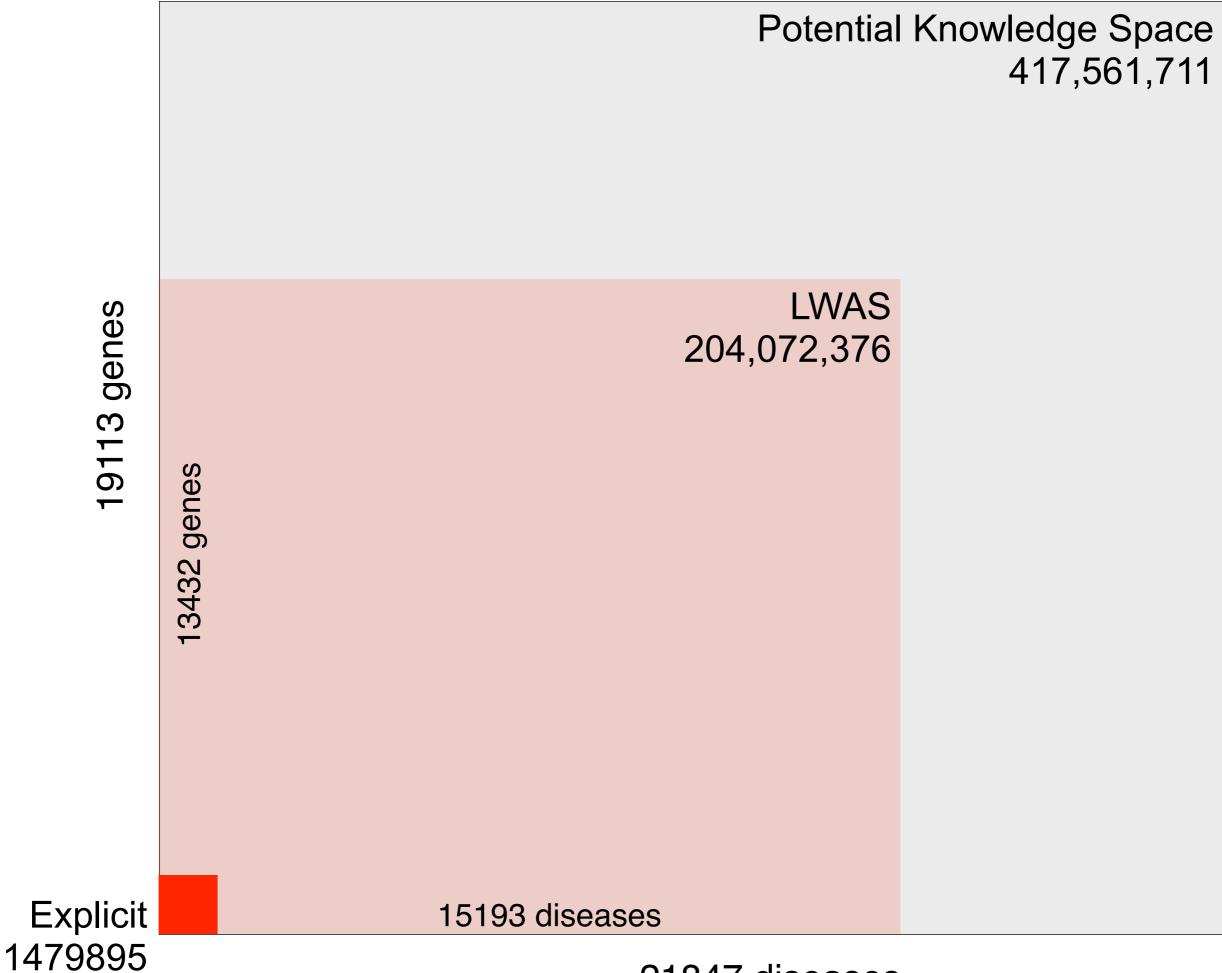






Look at trends in variables in concept profiles over time:

- rate of growth of concept profile
- distribution of weights
- distribution of semantic type
- distribution of generic / specific concepts
- distribution of implicit / explicit concepts
- distribution of network properties (degree, entropy, etc)



21847 diseases

	Concept Profiles	Trends		
Background	<ul> <li>we have now 204 million PubMed gene-disease concept profiles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>we have now 204 million PubMed gene-disease concept profiles</li> </ul>		
Aim of the research Probe structure of concept profiles for predictors of landmark discovery		<ul> <li>map growth of concept web over time</li> </ul>		
Project	<ul> <li>'filter' gene and disease concept profiles and measure performance in predicting novel gene- disease associations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>compute gene-disease associations at regular time points since 1980</li> <li>get network analytics on growth dynamics of concept web</li> <li>make beautiful animated gifs</li> </ul>		
Skills	<ul> <li>R and other scripting</li> <li>simple statistics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>running our pipeline to generate time-delimited concept profiles</li> <li>R and other scripting</li> <li>scientific visualisation and animation is important</li> </ul>		
Work plan	<ul> <li>start a.s.a.p</li> <li>end with short high-profile paper</li> <li>help drafting Horizon 2020 proposal (March 31)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>simple st start a.s.a.p</li> <li>end with short high-profile paper</li> <li>help drafting Horizon 2020 proposal (March 31)</li> </ul>		