## Exercise 4.34.

# Show that the CFG with productions

$$S \rightarrow a \mid Sa \mid bSS \mid SSb \mid SbS$$

is ambiguous.

#### Exercise 4.36.

In each case below, decide whether the grammar is ambiguous or not, and prove your answer.

**b.**  $S \rightarrow SS \mid bS \mid a$ 

**c.**  $S \rightarrow SaS \mid b$ 

**e.**  $S \rightarrow TT$   $T \rightarrow aT \mid Ta \mid b$ 

**f.**  $S \rightarrow aSa \mid bSb \mid aAb \mid bAa$   $A \rightarrow aAa \mid bAb \mid a \mid b \mid \Lambda$ 

**g.**  $S \to aT \mid bT \mid \Lambda$   $T \to aS \mid bS$ 

### Exercise 4.38.

In each case below, show that the grammar is ambiguous, and find an equivalent unambiguous grammar.

- **a.**  $S \rightarrow SS \mid a \mid b$  **b.**  $S \rightarrow ABA$   $A \rightarrow aA \mid \Lambda$   $B \rightarrow bB \mid \Lambda$ **c.**  $S \rightarrow aSb \mid aaSb \mid \Lambda$
- **d.**  $S \rightarrow aSb \mid abS \mid \Lambda$

From lecture 8:

Exercise 4.45.

Use induction to prove that the CFG below is unambiguous.

**b.** The CFG with productions  $S \rightarrow (S)S \mid \Lambda$ 

#### Exercise.

Let G be a context-free grammar with start variable S and the following productions:

$$S \to aSbS \mid bSaS \mid \Lambda$$

**a.** Show that  $L(G) = AEqB = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(x) = n_b(x)\}$ 

**b.** Is G ambiguous? Motivate your answer.

#### Exercise 4.53.

**c.** In each case, given the context-free grammar G, find an equivalent CFG with no useless variables.

**ii.** G has productions

 $\begin{array}{cccc} S \rightarrow AB \mid AC & A \rightarrow aAb \mid bAa \mid a & B \rightarrow bbA \mid aaB \mid AB \\ & C \rightarrow abCa \mid aDb & D \rightarrow bD \mid aC \end{array}$ 

### Exercise 4.50.

In each case, given the context-free grammar G, find a CFG G' in Chomsky normal form that generates the language  $L(G) - \{\Lambda\}$ .

**a.** G has productions

$$S \to ABA \qquad A \to aA \mid \wedge \qquad B \to bB \mid \wedge$$

**b.** *G* has productions

 $S \to aSa \mid bSb \mid \Lambda \qquad A \to aBb \mid bBa \qquad B \to aB \mid bB \mid \Lambda$ 

## Exercise 4.54.

In each case below, given the context-free grammar G, find a CFG  $G_1$  in Chomsky normal form generating  $L(G) - \{\Lambda\}$ .

- **a.** G has productions  $S \to SS \mid (S) \mid \Lambda$
- **b.** G has productions  $S \to S(S) \mid \Lambda$
- **c.** G has productions

$$\begin{split} S &\to AaA \mid CA \mid BaB & A \to aaBa \mid CDA \mid aa \mid DC \\ B &\to bB \mid bAB \mid bb \mid aS & C \to Ca \mid bC \mid D & D \to bD \mid \Lambda \end{split}$$

Exercise 4.48.

Show that the nullable variables defined by Definition 4.26 are precisely those variables A for which  $A \Rightarrow^* \Lambda$ .